"Burn Therapy With 'Imanin," by V. Drobot'ko, Active Member, Academy of Medical Sciences Ukrainian SSR, and M. Ivanova, Candidate of Medical Sciences, Kiev; Moscow, Meditsinskiy Rabotnik, 13 Jan 56

"Imanin," a bactericidal preparation for external use developed by the Institute of Microbiology of the Academy of Sciences Ukrainian SSR, effective primarily against gram-positive bacteria, has been found to be effective in the treatment of serious burns, even in burns covering 60% of the body area, without forming constricting, disfiguring scars. It was found, in tests conducted on more than 200 patients, that on treatment with "Imanin" second- and third-degree burns heal more rapidly than with the use of other preparations.

"Imanin" has been approved for medical use by order of the Ministry of Health USSR and is being manufactured by the Darnitskiy Chemicopharmaceutical Plant. (U)

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DUDKO, N. Ye. [Dudko, N. IE.]; IVANOVA, N.A.; YANKOVSKIY, V.D. [IAnkovs'kyi, V.D.]

The new anticoagulant symanthrin C (symantrol 20) and its use in the thrombo-embolic disease and vascular surgery. Fiziol. zhur. [Ukr.] 7 no.5:682-689 S-0 '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Hospital Surgical Clinic of the A.A.Bogomoletz Medical Institute of Kiev; Laboratory of Age and Comparative Physiology of the A.A. Bogomoletz Institute of Physiology of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian S.S.R., Kiev.

(ANTICOAGULANTS (MEDICINE)) (SYNANTROL 20)

KOVALEV, M.M., prof.; YANKOVSKIY, V.D., doktor med. nauk; MELINICHENKO, A.V.; IVANOVA, N.A., kand. med. nauk; TEPLYY, V.K.

Prevention and therapy of frostbite with anticoagulants. Vest. khir. no.10:74-81 '64. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Iz gospital'noy khirurgicheskoy kliniki (zav. - prof. M.M. Kovalev) Kiyevskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Bogomol'tsa (rektor - prof. V.D. Bratus') i laboratorii kosmicheskoy fiziologii imeni Bogomol'tsa (dir. - akademik AN UkrSSR A.F. Makarchenko) AN UkrSSR.

AL'PERIN, P. M.; IVANOVA, N. A.; ZARKHIN, M. M.; STEPANOVA, A. Y.

Liver function in anemias. Ter. arkh., Moskva 23 no. 6:56-69 Nov-Dec 1951. (CLML 21:3)

1. Of the Hemotherapeutic Clinic (Head — Prof. M. S. Bul'tsin), Central Institute of Hematology and Blood Transfusion, and of the Hospital Therapeutic Clinic (Director — Prof. A. A. Bagdasarov, Corresponding Member of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR) of the Pediatric Faculty of Second Moscow Medical Institute imeni I. V. Stalin.

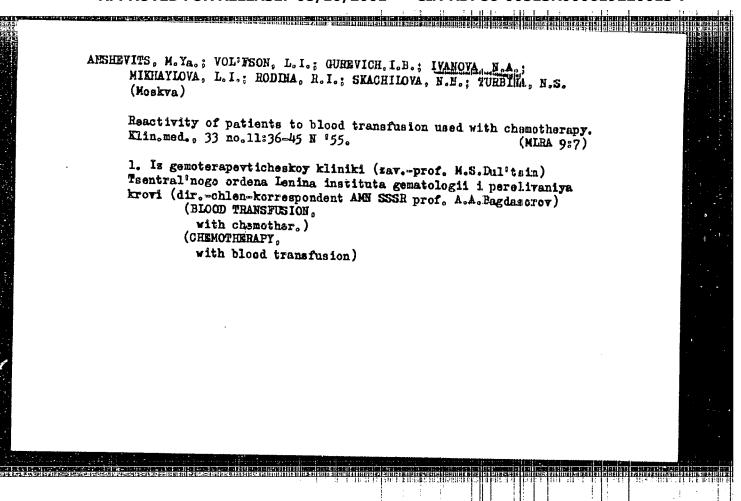
IVANOVA, E. A.

IVANOVA, E. A. (Phys) - "Macrocyto sis of Erythrocytes and the Significance in the Diagnosis of the Functional Condition of the LiveR." Sub 8

Dec 52, Second Moscow State Medical Inst inend I. V. Stalin.

(Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Medical Sciences).

S0: Vechernaya Moskva January-December 1957



IVANOVA, N.A., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk.

Macrocytosis of erythrocytes, an indication of functional liver insufficiency. Sov. med. 20 no.1:50-56 Ja 56 (MIRA 9:5)

1. Iz gospital'noy terapevticheskoy kliniki (dir.-chlen-korrespondent Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR prof. A.A. Bagdamarov) pediatriche-skogo Fakul'teta II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.V. Stalina i gemoterapevticheskoy kliniki (zav.-prof. M.S. Dul'tsin) TSentral'nogo ordena Lenina instituta perelivaniya krovi. (ERYTHROCYTES.

macrocyte count in liver funct. determ)
(LIVERFUNCTION TESTS
macrocyte count)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000619220013-7"

#### 

IVANOVA, N.A., kand. med. nauk.; YEFIMOVA, S.B.

Hemostatic action of blood transfusion. Sov. mad. 21 no.7:77-82 J1 157. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Iz gospitalinov terapevticheskov kliniki (dir. - chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR, prof. A.A. Bagdasarov) pediatricheskogo fakuliteta II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.V. Stalina.

(BLOOD TRANSFUSION

hemostatic action (Rus))
(BLOOD COAGULATION
eff. of blood transfusion (Rus))

DUDKO, N.Ye., prof.; IVANOVA, N.A., kand.med.nauk

A new anticoagulant sinantrin C (sinantrol) and its use in the treatment of thrombosis and thrombophlebitis. Rhirurgita 36 no.9: 14-17 S '60. (MIRA 13:11)

1. Iz kliniki gospital'noy khirurgii (zav. - zasluzhemnyy deyatel'nauki USSR prof. N.Ye. Dudko) Kiyevskogo ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni meditsinskogo instituta imeni A.A. Bogomol'tsa i bol'nitsy imeni Oktyabr'skoy revolyutsii (glavnyy vrach D.D. Sergiyenko).

(ANTICOAGULANTS) (THROMBOSIS) (VEINS.—DISEASES)

IVANOVA, N.A., kand.med.nauk; REVZIS, M.G.

Peripheral bronchogenic cancer of the lung with Pancoust's syndrome. Sov. med. 25 no.8:127-129 Ag '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Iz TSentral'nogo ordena Lenina Instituta gematologii i perelivaniya krovi (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen ANN SSSR prof. A.A.Bagdasarov) i Gorodskoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy No.64 (glavnyy vrach G.V.Rodygina). (LUNGS\_\_CANCER)

IVANOVA, N. A.

Erythrocytic macrocytosis. Probl. gemat. i perel. krovi no.4: 13-16 '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Iz gemoterapevticheskoy kliniki TSentral'nogo ordena Lenina instituta gematologii i perelivaniya krovi (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. A. A. Bagdasarov[deceased]) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR.

(ERYTHROCYTES)

#### IVANOVA, N.A.

Refrect of blood transfusion on the blood coagulation system. Probl. gemat. i perel. krovi 8 no.4256-51 Apr 63 (MIRA 1722)

l. Iz gemoterapevticheskoy kliniki ( zav. - prof. P.M. Al'perin) TSentral'nogo ordena Lenina instituta gematologii i perelivani. ya krovi ( direktor - dotsent A. Ye. Kiselew) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000619220013-7"

IVANOVA, N.A., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; BOGDARINA, A.A., kand.

Thermal method for controlling Comstock's mealy bug (Pseudococcus comstocki Kūw.). Trudy VIZR no.1:252-261 '48. (MIRA 11:7)

(Mealy bugs)

P USSR / General and Specialized Zoology. Insects. Biological Nethod for the Control of Harmful. Insects and Acarids.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 13, 1958, 59231.

Author

: Ivanova, N. A. : The All-Union Institute for the Protection of Inst

Plants.

: The Quantity Dynamics of Arachnids and Their Title

Predator, the Bootle Stothorus Punctillum, on

Fruit Trees Treated by DDT Preparations.

Orig Pub: Tr. Vses. in-ta zashchity rast., 1956, vyp. 7,

147-153.

The treatment of a fruit orchard by DDT prepara-Abstract:

tions, for the control of the lessor apple-worm and a complex of vermin, assists in the natural increase of brown and hawthorn acarids in the

Card 1/3

25

BERIM, Nakhman Zus' Gershkovich; VOYEVODIN, Aleksey Vlasovich; IVANOVA,
Nina Aleksandrovne; OSMOLOVSKIY, Grigoriy Yevseyevich; REUTSKAYA,
O.Ye., red.; CHUNAYEVA, Z.V., tekhn.red.

[Concise manual on the use of chemicals in plant growing] Kratkii spravochnik po primeneniiu iadokhimikatov v rastenievodstve. Pod obshchei red. G.E.Osmolovskogo. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo sel'khoz.lit-ry, 1960. 349 p. (MIRA 13:6)

(Insecticides)

BERIM, N.G.; VOYEVODIN, A.V.; VYSOTSKAYA, P.F.; IVANOVA, N.A.;
OG.OLOVSKIY, G.YO.; MINKINA, L.N., red.; BARANOVA, L.G.,
tekhn. red.; FRIDMAN, Z.L., tekhn. red.

[Practical manual on the use of poisonous chemicals and
herbicides in plant growing] Prakticheskoe rukovodstvo po
primeneniiu iadokhimikatov i gerbitsidov v rastenievodstve. [By] N.G.Berim i dr. Moskva, Sel'khoziadat, 1963.

(Field crops-Diseases and pests)

(Agricultural chemicals)

(Herbicides)

IVANOVA, N.A.; KORNILOV, V.G.

Adjustment of spider mites to mercaptophos in a cotton field. Trudy VIZR no.20 pt.1:12-17 '64. (MIRA 18:10)

IVANOVA-KAZAS, O.M.; IVANOVA, N.A.

Metamorphogis of the willow sawfly Pontania capreae L. (Hymenoptera, Tenthredinidae). Report No.1: Hypoderm. Ent.oboz. 43 no.2:309-326 (MIRA 17:9)

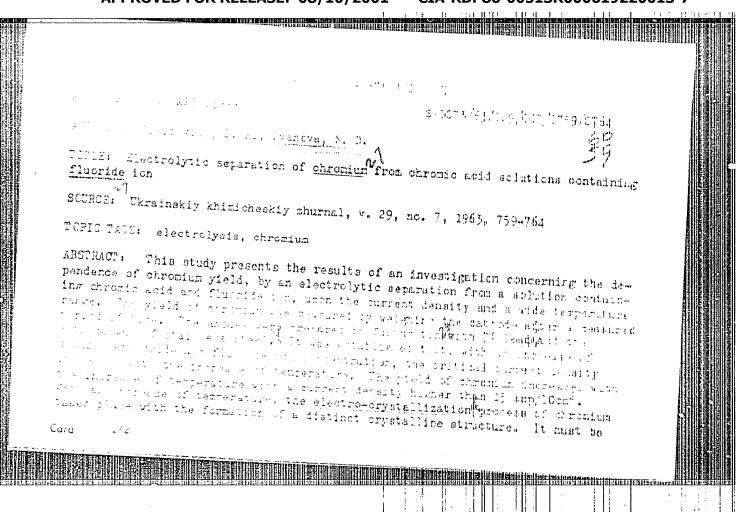
1. Kafedra embriologii Leningradskogo gosudarstvennogo umiversiteta, Leningrad.

VIIEMSKIY, V.D.; IVANOVA, H.B.

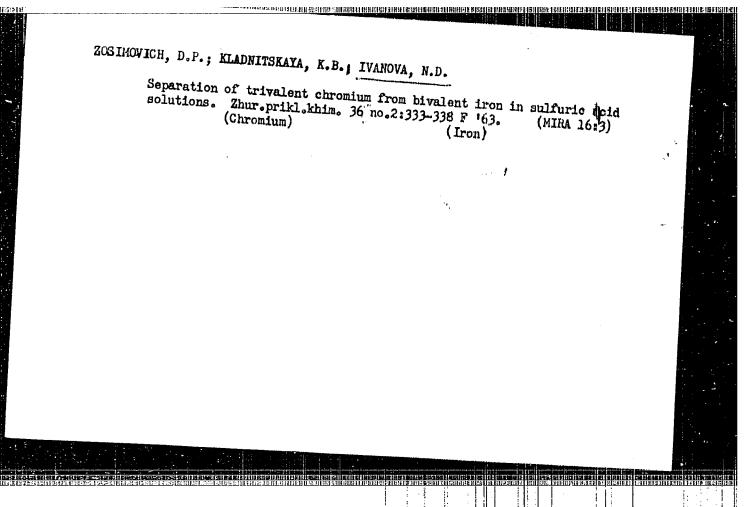
Heat transfer in viscous incompressible liquid flow between parallel discs. Nuch.-fiz. zhur. 10 no.1:32-40 Ja 166.

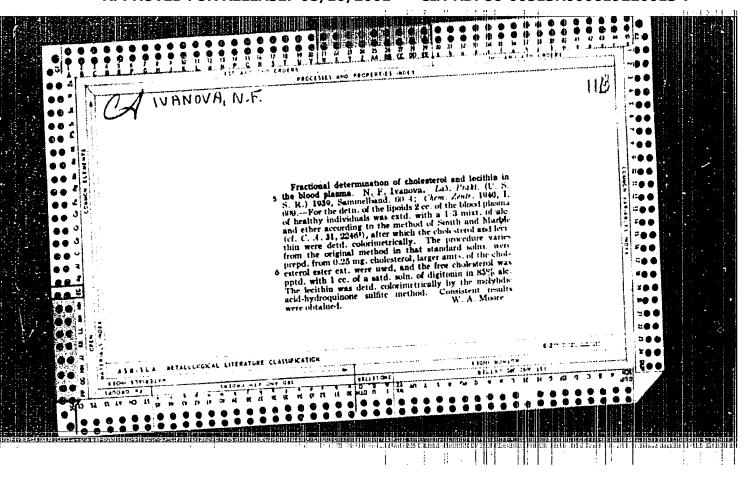
1. Submitted March 16, 1965.

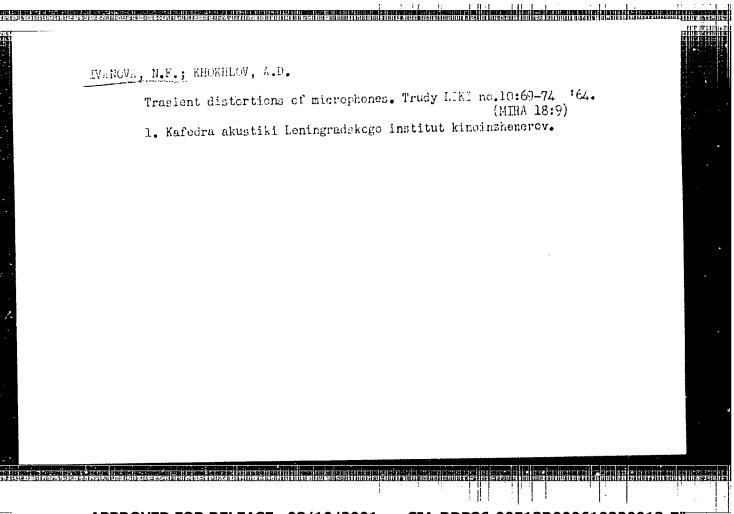
(MIRA 19:2)



and the street of the second s	ease of the electrolysis time from 1.070% changes from 1.75 to 2.25% was vield and in the lowering of the control of the control of the control of the control of Sciences, UkrS	the quality of deposit,	
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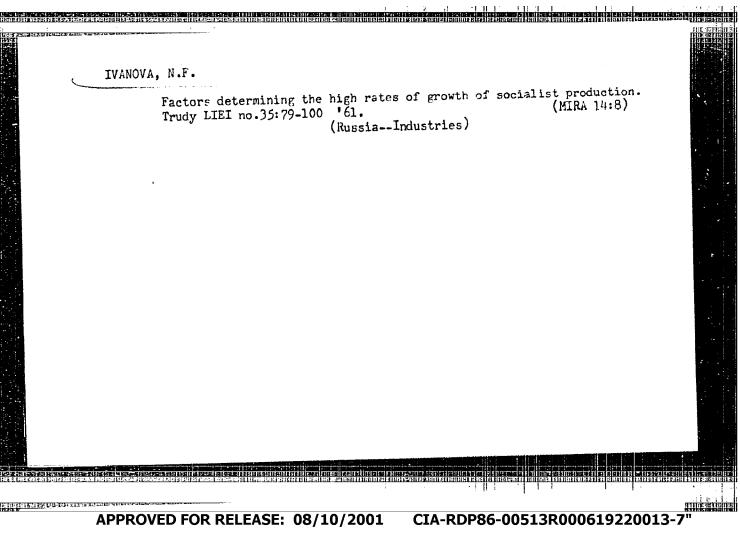


GINATDINOVA, G.M., red.; IVANOVA, N.F., red.

[Production of newsprint] Proizvodstvo gazetnoi bumagi. Moskva, 1964. 43 p. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Moscow. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut informatsii i tekhniko-ekonomicheskikh issledovaniy polesnoy, tsellyulozno-bumazhnoy, derevoobrabatyvayushchey promyshlennosti i lesnomi khozyaystvu.

•		Method in treatment of sicatricial strictures of the esophagus. Vest. otorinolar. No.3:76-78 May-June 50. (CLML 19:4)	
	•	1. Of the LOR (Otorhinolaryngological) Clinic (Director - Prof. I.M. Sobol') of Stavropol' Medical Institute.	
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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

BERG, S.L., polkovnik; VOROB'YEV, V.I., kapitan pervogo ranga; GIL'EO, G.M., kapitan pervogo ranga; AMANCHENKO, A.A.; HALAKSHIMA, M.M.; BANNIKOV, B.S., kapitan vtorogo ranga; HAKHTIMA, G.F.; HEMENEHTAM, N.V.; BUTYRINA, N.Ya.; VOROB'YEV, V.I., kapitan pervogo ranga; GASS, I.P.; GINBYSH, N.S.; GLADIN, D.F., polkovnik; GOLOVANOVA, L.G., kand. ist. nauk; GOLUHEVA, Z.D., kand. filol. nauk; GONCHAROVA, A.I.; ZANADVOHOVA, R.N.; IVANOVA, N.G.; KARAMZIN, G.B.; KOVAL'CHUK, A.S.; KRONIDOVA, V.A.; INTOVA, Ye.I.; MOLCHANOVA, T.I.; OKUN', L.S.; POCHEBUT, A.N.; RAYTSES, V.I.; SAVINOVA, G.N.; SENICHKIMA, T.I.; SKRYINIKOV, R.G., kand. ist. nauk; FURAYEVA, I.I.; CHIZHOVA, N.N.; YASINSKAYA, L.F.; GLADIN, D.F., POlkovnik; LAEETSKIY, Ye.F., podpolkovnik; LEBEDEV, S.M., kapitan pervogo ranga; ORDYMSKIY, N.I., kapitan pervogo ranga; NADVODSKIY, V.Ye., podpolkovnik; DEMIN, L.A., inzh.-kontr-admiral, glav. red.; FRUEKIN, N.S., polkovnik, zam. otv. red.; LEVCHENKO, G.I., admiral, red.; BAKHTINA, G.F., tekhn. red.

[Naval atlas] Morskoi atlas. n.p. Izd. Glavnogo Shtaba Voenno-Morskogo Flota. Vol.3. [Naval history] Voenno-istoricheskii. Pt.1. [Text for the maps] Opisaniia k kartam. 1959. xxii, 1942 p. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Ministerstvo oborony. (Naval history)

USSR/Chemistry - Chemical engineering; Agitation

HI-gu,

Car 1 1/1

Pub. 50 - 10/19

Authors

Prof Kafarov, V. V., Dr Tech Sci; Gol'dfarb, M. I., Ivanova, N. G.

Title

Investigation of the process of mixing in gas-liquid systems

Periodical

Khim. prom., No 7, 423-428 (39-44), Oct-Hev 1954.

Abstract

In investigating the process of mechanical agitation applied to improve contact between a gas and a liquid, (a) obtained equations which make it possible to determine the power required, (b) established a dependence between the energy expended and the amount of gas driven through, (c) formulated rules to be observed in the design of agitators, (d) demonstrated the advantages of agitators of the hollow tube type. Five references, 2 USSR - both since 1940.

Three tables, 8 figures, 9 graphs.

Institution:

Scientific Research Institute of Organic Intermediates and Dyestuffs

imeni K. Ye. Voroshilov

79-28-5-51/69 Motsarev, G. V., Englin, A. L., AUTHORS: Yakubovich, A. Ya., Uspenskaya, I. N. Ivanova, N. G. On the Catalytic Chlorination of TITLE: Methylchlorosilanes in the Liquid-Phase (O zhidkofaznom kataliticheskom khlorirovanii metilkhlorsilanov) Zhurnal Obshchey Khimii, 1958, Vol. 28, Nr 5, PERIODICAL: pp. 1336-1338 (USSR) The chlorination of organosilicon compounds in the ABSTRACT: presence of azodinitrile of isobutyric acid is not described in publications. It was therefore of interest to try this method of chlorination in the synthesis of chloromethylchlorosilane. It could be expected that such a chlorination of the methylchlorosilanes had to take place at the given chain mechanism and had to lead to the formation of all kinds of substitution products in the methyl group. It was actually found that in chlorination on the given conditions (see table) in Card 1/3

On the Catalytic Chlorination of the Methylchlorosilanes in the Liquid-Phase 79-28-5-51/69

presentation.

dependence on the mol ratio of the methylchlorosilane and chlorine, the whole range of chlorine derivatives  $\text{CH}_3\text{SiCl}_3$ ,  $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{SiCl}_2$  and  $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{SiCl}$  with the chlorine atoms in the methyl groups can be obtained as is the case in the photochlorination of the methylchlorosilanes. As it must be taken into account that the chlorine of the methyl group of silane increases its further chlorination, the catalytic substitution velocity in liquid-phase chlorination for the purpose of the synthesis of the monochlorine derivatives must take place in such a way that a sufficient amount of the methylchlorosilane which had not entered reaction remains. Thus the reaction liquidphase chlorination of methylchlorosilanes- CH3SiCl3,  $(CH_3)_2 SiCl_2$  and  $(CH_3)_3 SiCl$  was investigated in the presence of azodinitrile of isobutyric acid and it was found that in this case, dependent on the mol ratio of silane and chlorine, a whole number of chlorine derivatives

containing chlorine in the methyl group can be obtained.

Card 2/3

111.7 E.

On the Catalytic Chlorination of the Methylchlorosilanes in the Liquid-Phase

79-28-5-51/69

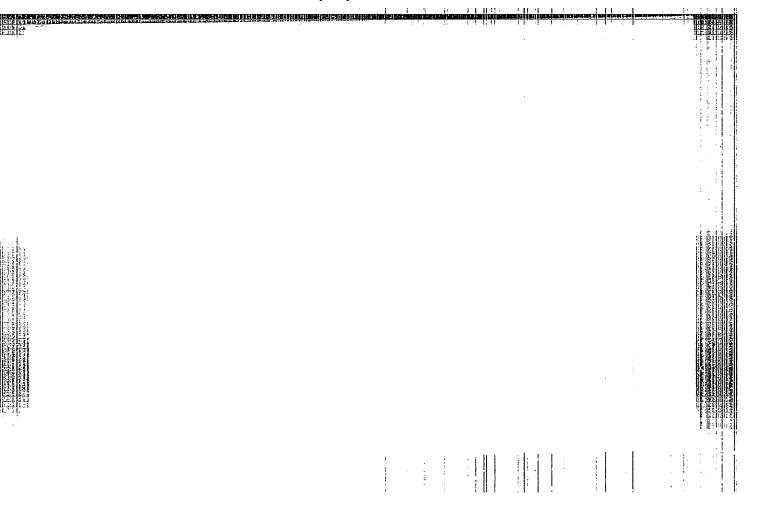
AND SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF

There are 1 table and 7 references, 4 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED:

September 8, 1957

Card 3/3

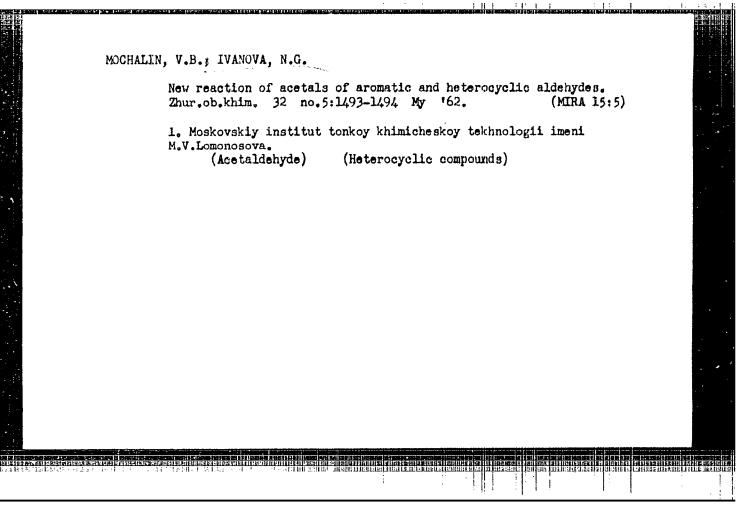


MOCHALIN, V.B., IVANOVA, N.G.

Synthesis of acetals of vinylacetylenic aldshydem. Zhar.ob. khim. 31 no.12:3896-3899 D '61. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii imeni M.V.Lomonosova.

(Acetals)



ZAYAKIN, B.I.; BIGEYEV, A.M.; UZIYENKO, A.M.; Prinimali uchastiye:

TKACHENKO, I.A., inzh.; RABINOVICH, Ye.I., kand.tekhn.nauk;

IVANOVA, N.G., inzh.; BIGTAGIROV, K.K., inzh.

Sulfur liquation in large rimmed steel ingots. Izv. vys. ucheb.

zav.; chern. met. 5 no.7:62470 '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Magnitogorskiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat i Magnitogorskiy

gornometallurgicheskiy institut.

(Steel ingots—Sulfur content)

TELEMENT CONGENIE POR 1917 NOTE OF RESULTED OF SECONDINE CONFIDENCIAL MARKET DESIGNATION COMPRESSION DESIGNATION DE LA CONFIDENCIA DEL CONFIDENCIA DEL CONFIDENCIA DE LA CONFIDENCIA DEL CONFIDENCIA DEL CONFIDENCIA DE LA CONFIDENCIA DEL C

VORONOV, F.D., prof.; SELIVANOV, N.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; RABINOVICH, Ye.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; UZIYENKO, A.M., inzh.; TKACHENKO, I.A., inzh.; KUSTOBAYEV, G.G., inzh.; IVANOVA, N.G., inzh.; RYABCHIKOV, F.D., inzh.; GRUZNOV, A.K., inzh.

Developing a technology for the casting and quality investigation of 21-ton rimmed steel ingots. Stal' 22 no.8:709-713 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:7)

(Steel ingots)

FLOMENBLIT, Isaak Romanovich; GALUZINSKIY, Petr Avksent'pevich;

IVANOVA, N.G., spets, red.; MOZGALEVSKAYA, S.A., red.;

GERASIMOVA, Ye.S., tekhn. red.

[A standard accounting method for production expenditures]

Normativnyi metod ucheta zatrat na proizvodstvo. Moskva,

Ekonomizdat, 1962. 155 p. (MIRA 16:3)

(Cost accounting)

IVANOVA, N.G.

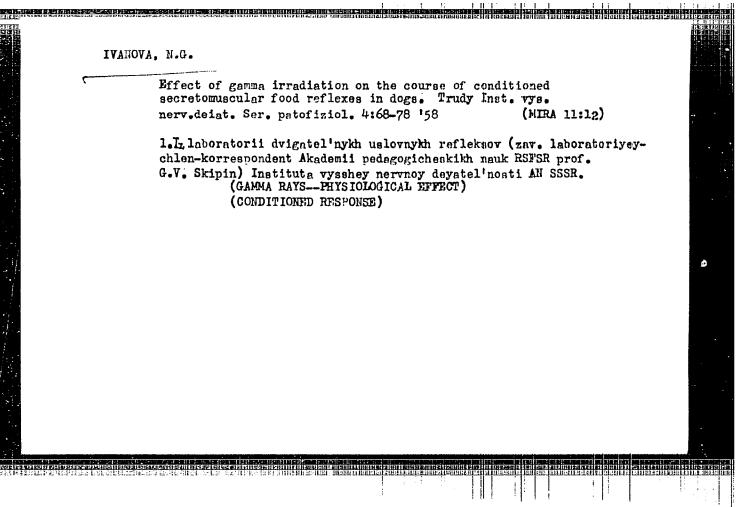
Reaction to time during formation of the so-called motor food reaction.

Trudy Inst.vys.nerv.delat. Ser.fiziol. 2:90-94 '56. (MLRA 10:1)

1. Iz leboratorii dvigatel'nykh uslovnykh refleksov, sav. - G.V.

Skipin.

(GONDITIONED RESPONSE) (INHIBITION)



IVANOVA, N.G.

Influence of irritation of the superior cervical sympathetic ganglia on conditioned meflexes in dogs. Trudy Inst. vys.nerv. deiat. Ser.fiziol. 4:78-84 '60. (MIRA 13:7)

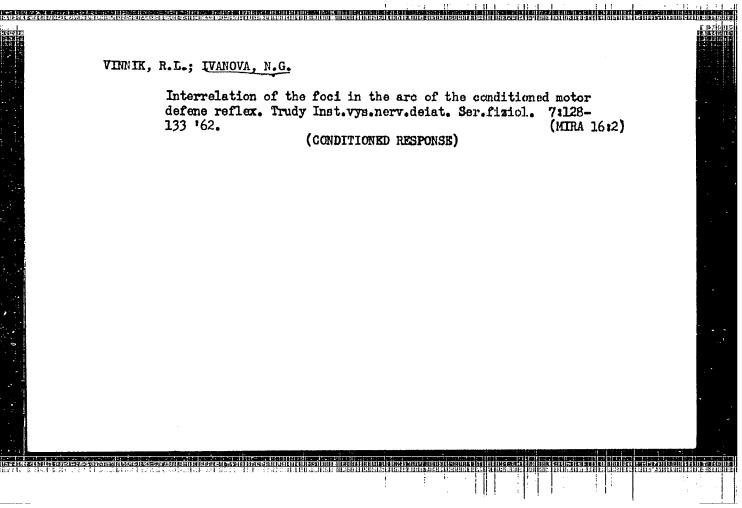
1. Iz Laboratorii dvigatel nykh uslovnykh refleksov Instituta vysshey nervnoy deyatel nosti AN SSSR. Zaveduyushchiy laboratoriyey - G.V. Skipin.

(CONDITIONED EMSPONSE) (NERVOUS SYSTEM, SYMPATHERIC)

IVANOVA, N.G.

Analysis of the duration of motor defense reflexes. Trudy Inst. vys. nerv. deiat. Ser. fiziol. 6:87-93 '61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Iz laboratorii dvigatel'nykh uslovnykh refleksov, zav. - G.V. Skipin. (CONDITIONED RESPONSE)



ASRATYAN, E.A., otv. red.; ALEKSANDIOVSKAYA, M.M., red.; ALEKSEYEV,
M.A., red.; RUSINOV, V.S., red.; IVANOVA, N.G., red.;
STRUCHKOV, M.I., red. izd-va; SHEVCHENKO, G.N., tekhn. red.

[Nervous mechanisms of conditioned reflex activity] Nervnye
mekhanizmy uslovnoreflektornoi deiatel'nosti. Moskva, Izdvo AN SSSR, 1963. 319 p.

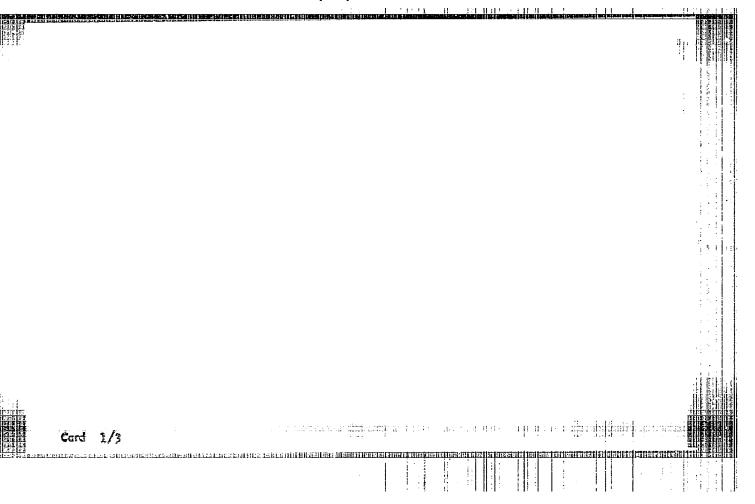
1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut vysshey nervnoy deyatel'nosti i neirofiziologii.

(CONDITIONED RESPONSE)

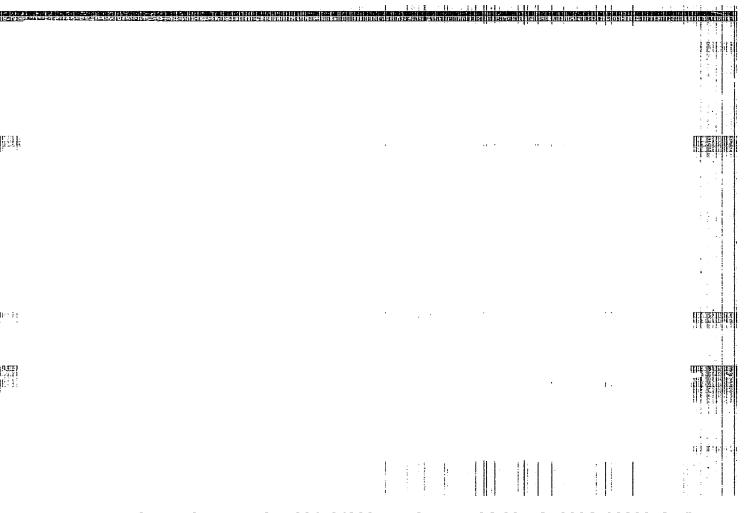
SHESTOPALOV, V.V.; IVANOVA, N.G.

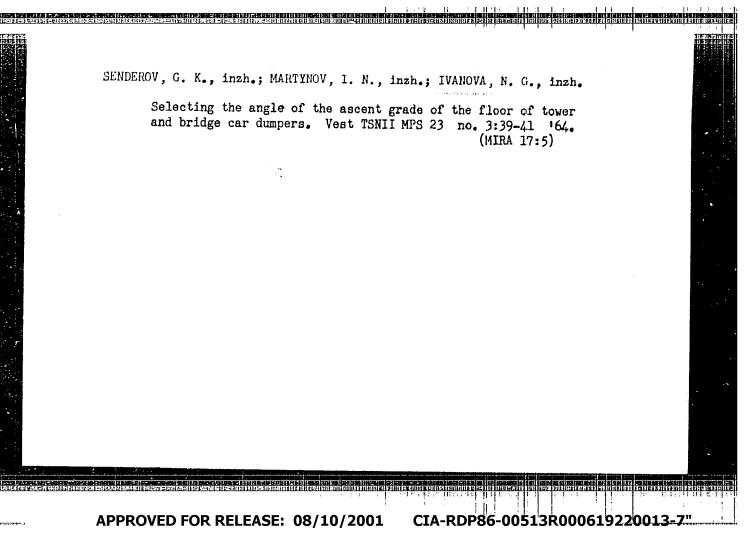
Calculating the operative capacity of industrial filter centrifuges on the basis of laboratory data. Khim. prom. 40 no.3:618-619 Ag '64.

(MIRA 18:44)









ार स्वास्त्र स्वास्

SENDEROV, G.K., kand. tekhn. nauk; IVANOVA, N.G., insh.

Protection of gondola cars during unloading by means of car dumping mechanisms. Trudy TSNII MPS no.289:98-117 165.

(MIRA 18:12)

PISARENKO, V.N.; POGORELOV, A.G.; NOVIKOVA, L.A.; IVANOVA, N.G.;
KONONOV, N.F.

Use of multiple regression equations for the quantitative analysis of heterogeneous catalysis. Zav.lab. 30 no.3:336-337
'64. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Institut organichėskoy khimii AN SSSR.

IVANOVA, N. I. (Editor)

Regulation of the Aqueous Regime of Road Foundations (Symposia of Articles). Road and Highway Publishing Press, Moscow: 1946. 191 pp. (Scientific Research Institute of Highways.)
(Meteorologiya i Gidrologiya, No 6 Nov/Dec 1947)

SO: U-3218, 3 Apr 1953

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

IVANOVA, N.I., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Working conditions of trade school students during the period of industrial practice as steelworkers. Gig. i san. 21 no.6:43-48
Je \*56. (MIRA 9:8)

1. Iz Instituta gigiyeny truda i professional'nykh zabolevaniy Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR.

(INDUSTRIAL HYGIKNE,

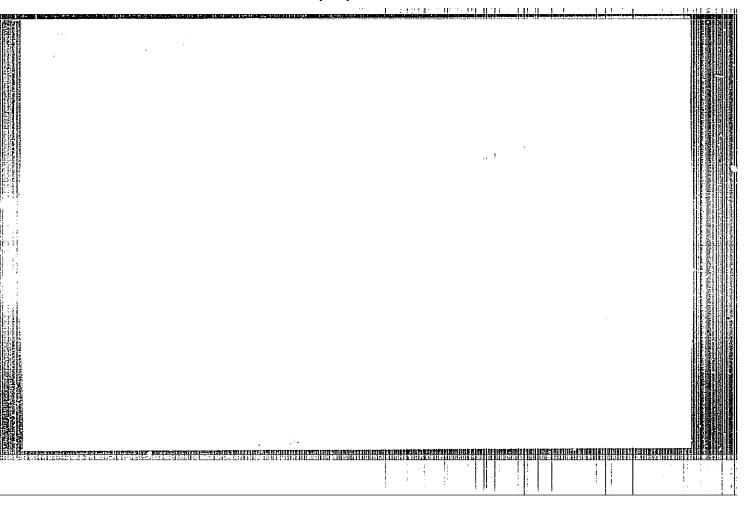
working cond. of adolescent steel workers attending schools (Rus))

IVANOVA, N.I.; SANINA, Yu.P.

Scientific Session dedicated to the 30th anniversary of the
Institute of Industrial Hygiene and Occupational Diseases of the
Academy of Medical Sciences of the U.S.S.R. Gig.i sun. no.5:54-58

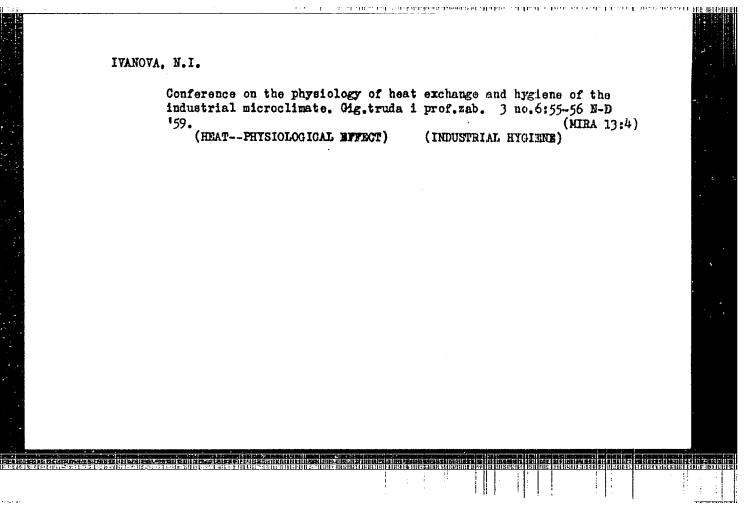
My "54.

(Industrial hygiene) (Occupations-Piseases and hygiene)



IVANOVA, N. I.: Master Med Sci (diss) -- "Mysionic working conditions in the productive training of a steel founder in a trade school". Mossow, 1958.

1h pp (Acad Med Sci USSR), 100 copies (KL, No 3, 1959, 112)



IVANOVA, N. I.; BUGREYEVA, L. P.

Carotene jaundice as a cause of the erroneous diagnosis of Botkin's disease in children. Pediatriia no.6:59-61 \*62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Iz kafedry infektsionnykh detskikh bolezney (mav. A. T. Kuz'micheva) Leningradskogo pediatricheskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. Ye. P. Semenova)

(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS) (JAUNDICE) (CAROTENE)

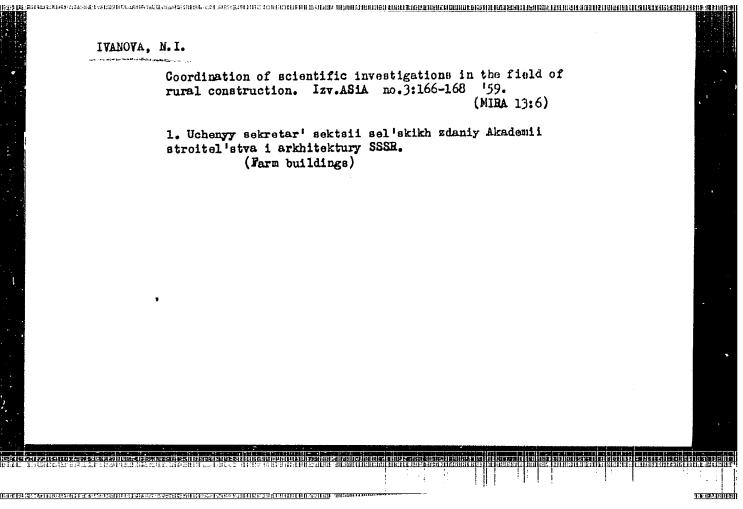
ALIYEV, G.A., akademik, ctv.red.; ABUTALYBOV, M.G., prof., red.; BERZIN, Ya.M., akademik, red.; GADZHIYEV, F.M., kand.vet.nauk, red.; GYUL'AKHMEDOV, A.N., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk, red.; IYANOVA N.I., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk, red.; KARAYEV, A.I., akademik, red.; GUSEYNOV, D.M., red.; GUSEYNOV, B.Z., prof., red.; FETVE, Ya.V., red.

[Abstracts of reports of the Third All-Union Conference on microelements, April 1958] Terisy dokladov Vsesoyusnogo seveshchaniya po mikroelementam, Aprel 1958. Baku, Ird-vo Akad.nauk Azerbaidzhanskoi SSR, 1958. 398 p. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye po mikroelementam. 3d. 1958.

2. Akademiya nauk Azerb.SSR (for Aliyev, Karayev). 3. Akademiya nauk Latviyskoy SSR (for Berzin). 4. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk Azerb.SSR (for D.M.Guseynov). 5. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk SSSR (for Peyve). 6. Institut pochvovedeniya i agrekhimii AN Azerb.SSR (for D.M.Guseynov, Aliyev, Gyul'akhmedov). 7. Institut biologii AN Latv.SSR (for Peyve). 8. Stalinskiy meditsinskiy institut (for Ivanova). 9. Institut botaniki MN Azerb.SSR (for B.Z.Guseynov). 10. Azerbaydzhanskiy institut semledeliya (for Abutalybev).

(Trace elements)



3/137/62/000/012/010/085 · AOCG/A101

AUTHOR:

Ivanova, N. I.

TITLE:

A four-runner unit for the continuous casting of steel to 200x200 mm

square-section ingots

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 12, 1962, 53 - 54, abstract 12V339 ("Sb. tr. Gos. soyuzn. in-t po proyektir. agregatov staleliteyn, i prokatn. proizv-va dlya chem.

metallurgi1", 1962, no. 2, 17-23)

At the open-hearth shop of the Uzbek Metallurgical Flant a continuous four-runner steel-teeming unit is being mounted for the casting of 200x200-mm square section ingots. The unit consists of four vertical type machines arranged in one line; they are combined into one group and mounted in one pit. The machine operates on the principle of the continuous extraction of the ingots from the water-cooled crystallizers, which are moving reciprocatingly along a vertical while liquid-metal is supplied continuously from the intermediate ladles. The level of the teeming platform of the unit is plus 4.3 m and

Card 1/2

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001 CIA-RDP

GEL'FMAN, Ya. A., kand. tekhn. nauk; IVANOVA, N. I., inzh.;
SHISHKINA, I. V.

Manufacturing polyvinyl chloride finishing and decorative films. Sbor. trud. WIINSM no.5:3-24 '61.

(MIRA 15:10)

(Vinyl compound polymers)

LASTOVSKIY, R.P., KOLIAKOVA, I.D., IVANOVA, N.I.

m-Phenylenediamine-N.N.N., N'-trtraacetic acia. Met.
poluch. khim. reak. 1 prepar. no.6:72-73 '62. (MIRA 17:5)

l. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skly institut khimicheskikh reaktivov i osobo chistykh khimicheskikh veshchestv.

TSELLINSKAYA, T.F.; IVANOVA, N.L.

Determination of higher alcohola in the control of oxo synthesis by the measurement of dielectric constants. Zav. lab. 30 no.5:536-537 '64. (MIRA 17:5)

<u>RESTUL</u>E STATE OF THE STATE OF

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno issledovatel akiy institut neftekhimi-cheskikh protsessov.

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AUCESSION NR: AR3006307

s/0058/83/0:u/Jot/D080/D080

SCURCE: RZh. Fizika, Abs. 7D583

60

AUTHOR: Ivanova, N.I.; Tarasova, N.I.; Zhukovskiy, A.P.

TITLE: Possibility of existence of <u>luminescence</u> centers of the complex type in alkali-halide phosphors

CITED SOURCE: Sb. Fiz. shchelochno-galoidn. kristallov. Riga, 1962, 149-155. Diskus., 155

TOPIC TAGS: phosphor , alkali-halide crystal , luminescence center , KCl-Tl, NaCl-Tl, KCl-Pb, NaCl-Ag

TRANSLATION: The luminescence of the phosphors ECl-Tl, Na-Tl, KCl-Pb and NaCl-Ag, which contain impurities of two-charge kations (Ca, Sr, Ba, Cd) in various concentrations has been investigated with an aim toward studying the influence of microdefects on luminescence

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AR3006307

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centers. The change in the luminescence spectra in several phosphors with mixed bases (NaCl-KCl, KCl-KBr, KCl-RbCl, activated with Tl, and NaCl-KCl-Ag) was also investigated. The authors have arrived at the conclusion, on the basis of the obtained results, that the luminescence centers for the investigated systems represent complexes included in the crystal of the base in the form of an adsorption inclusion, with conservation of the intrinsic coordination; the loss of the activator, on the other hand, which are included in the base in the form of a solid substitutional solution, are not responsible for the radiation. Bibliography, 16 titles. T. Eksina.

DATE ACQ: 15Aug63 SUB CODE: PH ENCL: 00

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Card 2/2

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000619220013-7

EWP(q)/EWT(m)/BDS AFFTC/ASD/ESD-3 HM/JD/MAY L 18746-63 ACCESSION NR: AT3002211 AUTHORS: Ivanova, N. I.; Zhukovskiy, A. P. TITLE: On the luminescence center in thallium salt solutions SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya; sbornik statey. v. 1: Lyuminestsentsiya. Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1963, 156-160 TOPIC TAGS: luminescence center, ionic complex, thallium chloride ABSTRACT: This analysis is an extension and verification of a work by H. Fromherz (Zs. Phys. 68, 233, 1931), who assumes the structure of active luminescence centers to correspond to ionic complexes in solutions. A detailed study has been made of the inherent luminescence in TIC1 solution and of its increase when luminescence centers are transferred into the absorption state. The luminescence intensity from a sample of TlCD is compared to the luminescent radiation of Tl<sub>2</sub> SO<sub>4</sub> and TlNO4 and found to be considerably stronger than both compounds for the same thallium concentration, indicating that Cl ions as well as thallium ions give rise to luminescence. An associative relationship is assumed between Tl ions and Cl ions in the form of a complex Card 1/2

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000619220013-7"

L 18746-63 ACCESSION NR: AT3002211  T1++n·c1- T1c1_n-(n-1)  [T1c1_n-(n-1)] = K[T1+] · [C1-]^n  and the sign of the complex is determined electrically to be negative. Further indicating the presence of electroneutral luminescent centers as well. Maximum 3 figures and 2 formulas.  ASSOCIATION: none  SURMITTED: 09Jun62  DATE ACQ: 19May63  SUB CODE: PH  NO REF SOV: 009  OTHER: 005  Card 2/2	. ,	·			11121013
analysis shows a luminescence in the violet for undissociated thallium chloride, indicating the presence of electroneutral luminescent centers as well. Maximum 3 figures and 2 formulas.  ASSOCIATION: none  SURMITTED: 09Jun62  DATE ACQ: 19May63  SUB CODE: PH  NO REF SOV: 009  OTHER: 005					
analysis shows a luminescence in the violet for undissociated thallium chloride, indicating the presence of electroneutral luminescent centers ms well. Maximum 3 figures and 2 formulas.  ASSOCIATION: none  SURMITTED: 09Jun62  DATE ACQ: 19May63  SUB CODE: PH  NO REF SOV: 009  OTHER: 005	T1*	+n·Cl = TlCl -(n-1)	•	$Q \mid A \mid$	
analysis shows a luminescence in the violet for undissociated thallium chloride, indicating the presence of electroneutral luminescent centers ms well. Maximum 3 figures and 2 formulas.  ASSOCIATION: none  SURMITTED: 09Jun62  DATE ACQ: 19May63  ENCL: 00  OTHER: 005	<b>_T</b> 1	$C1_n^{-(n-1)} = K/\overline{1}^{+7} \cdot /\overline{1}^{-7}$	·		
SUBMITTED: 09Jun62  DATE ACQ: 19May63  ENCL: 00  OTHER: 005	analysis shows a luminos indicating the presence TIC1 absorption band is 3 figures and 2 formulas	plex is determined electrica scence in the violet for und	lly to be negative	Ve. Further .um chloride, .l. Maximum ig. art. has:	
SUB CODE: PH  NO REF SOV: 009  OTHER: 005					
NO REF SOV: 009 OTHER: 005	· .	DATE ACQ: 19May63	•	Phor	
	COR CODE: PH	NO REF SOV.	*	PW71 00	
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EWT(1)/EWP(q)/EWT(m)/EWP(B)/BDSAFFTC/ASD/IJP(C)/SSD L 191611-63 \$/2941/63/001/000/0167/0174 ACCESSION NR: AT3002213 AUTHORS: Ivanova, N. I.; Tarasova, L. I. TITLE: Luminescence spectra of alkali-halide phosphors with mixed bases SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya; sbornik statey. v. 1: Lyuminestsentsiya. Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1963, 167-174 TOPIC TAGS: luminescence, spectra, bases, activators, discrete bands, luminescent centers ABSTRACT: A detailed investigation was made of the luminescence spectra of alkaline-halide phosphors with mixed bases and 0.01 to 0.1 mol% Tl and Ag activators. The study included a series of bases with both anion and cation components. Base component concentration varied from 5 to 10 molf. The results are given in the form of three microphotograms for KCl-KBr with various concentrations of Tl, NaCl-KCl, Tl, and NaCl-KCl, and Ag. One such figure is given in Enclosure 1. Analyzing the data in great detail, the authors conclude that the observed changes in the spectra, such as intensity, redistribution between closely Card 1/02

L 19464-63 ACCESSION NR: AT3002213

THE SECTION OF THE PERSON OF T

spaced bands, and the shift in the maxima of discrete bands, may be attributed to luminescent centers forming their own complexes with sufficient degree of isolation from the crystal lattice. Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 14Jun62

DATE ACQ: 19May 63

ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: PH

NO REF SOV: 011

OTHER: 002

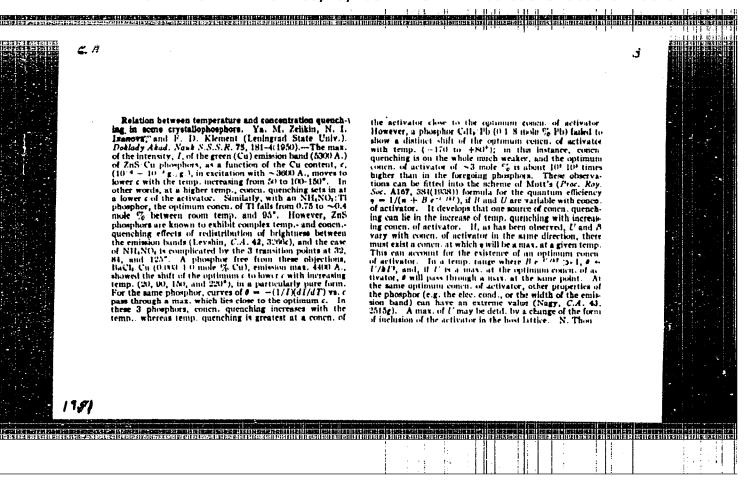
Card 2/12

GUSOVSKIY, V.L.: IVANOVA, N.L.: 1IFSHITS, A.Yr.: TYMCHAK, V.".

injection burners of the State All-Myrion Design and Planning
Institute of the Ministry of Forrous Matallurgy. Gam. proc.
(ICPA 17:12)

9 no.11:17-21 '64.

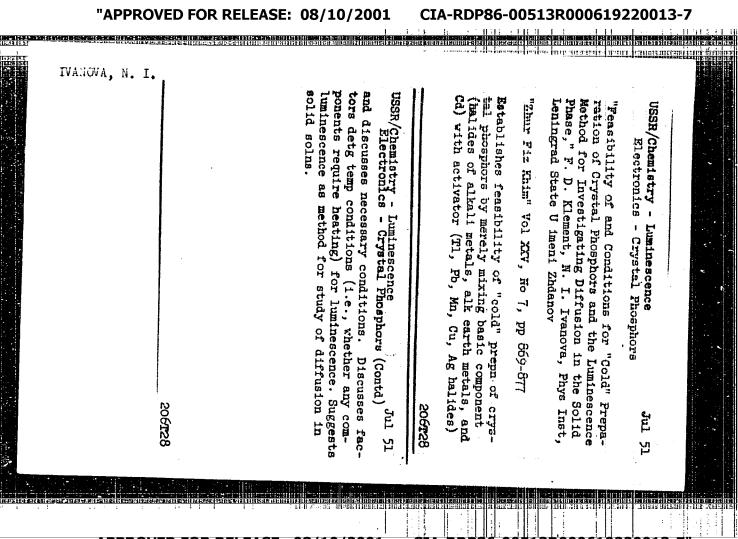
L 8211-66 EWT(1) LJP(c)
ACC NR: AP5013866 SOURCE CODE: UR/0366/65/002/004/0377/0380
AUTHOR: Lebedev, Ye. I.; Pittsyna, I. G.; Sakharov, A. V.; Blokh, A. A.; Ivanova, N. I.; Fedoseyev, A. H.
OkG: Leningrad Society of Optical Equipment Enterprises (Leningradskoye ob"yedinentye optiko-mekhanichskikh predpriyatiy)
TITLE: New instruments for molecular spectral analysis in the infrared region of the spectrum [Paper presented at the Plenary Session of the 16th Conference on Spectroscopy, 2 February 1965]
SOURCE: Zhurnal prikladnoy spektroskopii, v. 2, no. 4, 1965, 877-380  TOPIC TAGS: IR photometer, IR microscope, IR optic system
ABSTRACT: The authors describe several new instruments developed by the Leningrad Society of Optical Equipment Enterprises in 1963-1964: the IKE-22 spectrophotometer for mass analysis; the IKS-23 spectrophotometer for research on radiation from liquid specimens; the PMO-2 microscope attachment for a single-beam spectrophotometer for use in studying specimens such as fibers and crystals; and the KKI-1 variable-thickness cell for studying liquids M A photograph of each instrument is given to-
gether with a detailed description of its operation and technical characteristics. A diagram of the optical system for the IKS-23 instrument is given and explained. Orig. art. has: 5 figures.
SUB CODE: OP/ SUBM DATE: OO/ ORIG REF: OOO/ OTH REF: COO UDC: 535.853
Cord 1/1
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- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Phosphors
- 7. Temperature conditions in the formation of crystallophosphors. Izv.AN SSSR. Ser.fiz. 15 no.6, 1951.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, January 1953, Unclassified.



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619220013-7"

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

## CIA-RDP86-00513R000619220013-7

K

IVANOVA, N. I.

USSR / Optics

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur-Fizika, 1957, No 4, 10382

Author : Ivanova, N.I.

: Peculiarities of Luminescence of Crystal Phosphors with Low Inst

Solubility of Activator in Base. Title

Orig Pub: Optika i spektroskopiya, 1956, 1, No 4, 578-583

Abstract: An investigation is made of the dependence of the intensity I and the spectral composition of luminescence of phosphors on the

concentration of the activator A and its solvaility in the base. The optimum concentration A in KCl-AgCl and NaCl-AgCl corresponding to the maximum I for shortwave radiation bands ( > max

= 275 and 245 millimicrons) is the same, even though AgCl forms with NaCl a broad region of solid solutions, and is inschuble in KCl. For the long-wave bands, I of NaCl-AgCl increases to 4 molar % A, and in KCl-AgCl it increases to 0 2 molar %. Analogous re-

sults are obtained for KCl-TlCl and NaCl-TlCl: the optimum con-

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USSR / Optics

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Abs Jour: Referat Zhur-Fizika, 1957, No 4, 10382

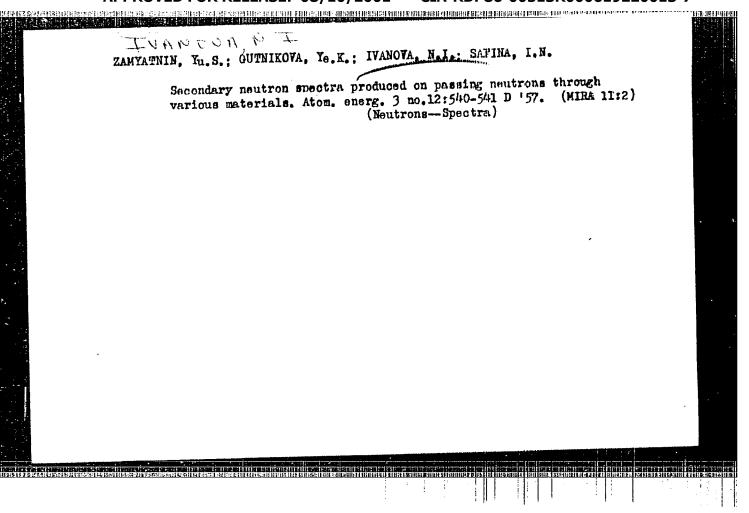
centration of TIC1, corresponding to the maximum I, is 0.1% molar \$ for the short-wave bands in both cases, and for the extreme long-wave bands I increases to 10 molar \$ in KC1-TIC1 (yellow band) and to approximately 2 molar \$ for NaC1-TIC1 (yellow band). It is concluded that in phosphers with small solubility of its A, optimum concentration (for the long-wave radiation band) is determined by the solubility limits and is not connected with the concentration extension. The undissolved A absorbs a portion of the radiation of the phosphor, and therefore the radiation bands become asymmetrical on the short-wave sides and the maximum shifts towards the longer waves. The appearance of a structure in the spectrum of radiation of KI-TII and CsC1-TIC1 at an excess of A is ascribed to the absorption by the excess TII or TIC1, and not to the splitting of the bands.

Card : 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619220013-7"

IVANOV	A. N.I. LVC NO Narrow luminescence 3 no.4:399-400 0 '5'	bands of the	. /. NaBr-CuBr phosphor.	Opt. i spektr. (MIRA 10:11)			
	1. Nauchno-issledovatel skiy fizicheskiy institut Leningradskogo gosu-						
	darstvennogo univer	siteta. (Phosphors)	(Iuminescence)				
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	ii esimisemise keeli saasi salkeelii illi kun inii al				HINGS HE ST. III III III III III III III III III I		



48-5-42/56 USSR/Luminescence SUBJECT: Ivanova N.I. AUTHOR: Effect of the Anion of Activator Salt on Luminescence of Alkali-TITLE: Haloid Phosphors (Vliyaniye aniona aktivatornoy soli na lyuminestsentsiyu shchelochno-galoidnykh fosforov) Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Fizicheskaya, 1957, Vol PERIODICAL: 21, #5, p 749 (USSR) The effect of activator salt anions on the luminescence spentra ABSTRACT: of phosphors based on sodium and potassium haloids activated by silver and tallium haloids was investigated. The following results were obtained: 1. When chlorides (or bromides) of alkali metals are activated by an iodide, a new band arises in the luminescence spectrum. This new band has its own region of excitation. The intensity of this band rises with the increase of iodide concentration in the phosphor. 2. Luminescence spectra of phosphors based on the iodides of alkali metals and activated by chlorides, bromides or iodides of the activator are identical. Card 1/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619220013-7"

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

48-5-42/56

TITLE:

Effect of the Anion of Activator Salt on Luminescence of Alkali-Haloid Phosphors (Vliyaniye aniona aktivatornoy soli na lyumi-nestsentsiyu shchelochno-galoidnykh fosforov)

3. Luminescence spectra of phosphors based on the bromides of alkali metals and activated by a chloride or a bromide of the activator are identical.

One Russian reference is cited.

INSTITUTION: Leningrad State University im. Zhdanov

PRESENTED BY:

SUBMITTED: No date indicated.

AVAILABLE: At the Library of Congress.

Card 2/2

IVANOVA, N.I.

51-4-23/26

AUTHORS:

Shvist, P. and Ivanova, N. I.

TITLE:

Nerrow Luminescence Bands of the NaBr-CuBr Phosphor. (Uzkiye polosy lyuminestsentsii fosfora NaBr-GuBr.)

PERIODICAL: Optika i Spektroskopiya, 1957, Vol.III, Nr.4,

pp.399-400.

ABSTRACT:

The NaBr-Gu phosphor grown as a monocrystal has two wide luminescence bands: ultraviolet at 365 mp. and The present authors' prepared samples of the NaBr-CuBr phosphor by heating together blue at 438 mm (Ref.1). The samples were prepared with 0.03, 0.1, 0.3, 1.0 and 3.0 mol. % of CuBr by heating In the luminescence spectrum of the samples thus for 10 minutes at 50-350°C. prepared, in addition to the bands present in the mono-crystal, there was a new narrow violet band at 421 mm (Fig.1, which shows the spectrum for NaBr-CuBr with 0.5 mol.% of the activator). This new band may be best observed on samples with 1.0 mol.% of CuBr prepared at

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51-4-23/26

Narrow Luminescence Bands of the NaBr-CuBr Phosphor.

exposures differing by a factor of 10). Luminescence of CuBr occurs only at low temperatures, while that of NaBr-CuBr does not exhibit temperature quenching even at room temperature. Narrow luminescence bands appear also when NaBr is activated with CuCl and CuI. samples heated to less than 300°C a small shift towards longer wavelengths is observed in these narrow luminescence bands on transition from NaBr-GuGl to The difference between the NaBr-CuBr and NaBr-CuI. spectral positions of the bands of NaBr-CuCl and of NaBr-CuI at - 180°C is only 1.5 mm. On heating to 300°C and higher temperatures, dependence of the spectrum on the anion of the activating salt disappears. The luminescence centres which are responsible for the narrow bands in NaBr-CuBr or CuBr are distributed on the surface of NaBr-CuBr or CuBr. These centres interact weakly with the bulk of the crystal. There are 2 figures, and 4 references, 2 of which are Slavic.

Card 3/4

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000619220013-7"

Narrow Luminescence Bands of the NaBr-CuBr Phosphor.

ScientificASSOCIATION: Physics / Research Institute, Leningrad State University.
(Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy fizicheskiy institut

(Nauchno-issiedovatei skly lizicheskly institut Leningradskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.)

SUBMITTED: April 13, 1957.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

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Card 4/4

I VANOVA, N. I.

AUTHORS:

Zamyatnin, Yu. S., Gutnikova, Ye.K., Ivanova, N. I., 89-12-8/29

Safina, I. N.,

TITLE:

Secondary Neutron Spectra Developing in Connection with Neutrons Passing Through Layers of Various Materials (Spektry vtorichnykh neytronov obrazuyushchikhsya pri prokhozhdenii neytronov cherez

sloi razlichnykh veshchestv)

PERIODICAL:

Atomnaya Energiya, 1957, Vol. 3, Nr 12, pp. 540-541 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The  $T(dn)He^4$  reaction is used as source of neutrons. The core photo plates Ilford C-2 and NIKFI "K" are used as neutron detector. (Thickness of layer about 100 / L). The source of neutrons is surrounded by a spheric layer of the material to be investigated thickness  $\sim 1/3 / L$ : The photo plates are put up at a distance of  $1 \approx 4R$  (R= exterior radius of the sphere)

1  $\approx$ 4R (R= exterior radius of the sphere)
The parameter T from the energy distribution F(E)= C.E.e
is given as measure for the inelastic interaction of 14 MeV neut-

rons with different cores.

The following values were measured:

Isotope	T	Isotope	T
Li6	0,78+0,8	<sub>Cu</sub> 65	0,76+0,06
Li <sup>7</sup>	0,80 <u>+</u> 0,08	<sub>Мо</sub> 96	0,65 <u>+</u> 0,06

Card 1/2

SecondAPPROVED FOR RELEASE 1:08/10/2001 nectGDA-RDP86-00518R000619/220013-7 Passing Through Layers of Various Materials.

Be <sup>9</sup>	0,70 <u>+</u> 0,07	Cd <sup>112</sup>	0,62+0,05
B <sup>11</sup>	0,75 <u>+</u> 0,10	Sb122	0,60 <u>+</u> 0,06
C12	o,82 <u>+</u> o,08	<sub>W</sub> 184	o,62 <u>+</u> o,08
$Mg^{24}$	0,98 <u>+</u> 0,08	Hg <sup>2</sup> 01	0,60 <u>+</u> 0,05
A127	1,13 <u>+</u> 0,08	pb207	0,73 <u>+</u> 0,05
Fe56	0.70+0.07	Bi <sup>209</sup>	0,90+0,08

There are 1 table, 2 figures and 6 references, 1 of which is Slavic.

SUBMITTED:

July 20, 1957

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

terester in the state of the control of the state of the 89-4-4-1/28 Sompotnin, (v. 4., Sofina, I.N., Gutnikova, Ye.K., AUTHORS: [vanove, N.I. I Henry n Spectrum Produced Ourthor the Passage of the New Henricans TITLE: Through a layer of Fissionable Material (Spektry neytronov, chrozujucheliikheya pri prokhezhdenii neysronov s energiyey 14 Mey cheren sloi delyashchikhsya veshchestv) \* kommoya Emergiya, 1968, Vol. 4, Nr 4, pp. 337-342 (Udin) PERIOLICAL: 1f 16 LeV-neutrons mas through thin layers of Th<sup>232</sup>, y<sup>233</sup>, y<sup>235</sup>, ABSTRUCT: U238 and 1 u239, secondary neutrons are formed. The energy spectrem of these neutrons is recorded on photo plates (liferd 62 and NIKFI-K ). ' tritium-zirmonium target, which was bembarded with 15 McV-Austrana, served as a neutron source. It was found that the spectra of secondary neutrons, which form in all ischapes investigated, consist of two components, viz. the Clauden neutrons and the spallation neutrons. Surphomero, the following values were found: Card 1/2

Neutron Sp 4 MeV Neutr	ectrum Produ wrs Through	acd During the Passag a Layer of Fissionable	e of Material	89 <b>-4-4-1/28</b>	
	<u> ማ</u> ለቲ ብ	ield of fission neutrons (corrected)	Temperature of rest of rucleus in MeV	Margerature of the fission fragments in MeV	
	Th232	0.23 ± 0.06	0,54 ± 0,05	1,2	
	U23.3	C.76 1 0.10	0,55 ± 0,10	1,20 ± 0,08	
	U <sup>23,5</sup>	0,58 ± 0,06	0,40 ± 0,05	1,05 + 0,06	
	<sub>U</sub> 238	0,49 ± 0,05	0,48 ± 0,05	1.25 ± 0.15	
	<sub>Fu</sub> 239	0.72 ± 0.10	0,53 ± 0,06	1,25 ± 0,08	
	There are Seviet.	6 figures, 1 table, s	and 7 references,	3 of which are	
UBLASTAD:	Copte bon 7, 1957				
	1. Neutron	s <del>-48</del> peotra 2. Heutr	onsSources		

The IKS- My 158.	,	i spectrometer	. Optmekh.prom.	25 no.5:6 (M	-11 (IRA 11:9)	

21(9) MUTHORS:

307/89-6-4-10/27 Zamyatnin, Yu. S., Ivanova, H. I. Safina, I. M.

TITLE:

Neutron Spectra Forming During the Passage of Neutrons With an Energy of 14 Mev Through Thick Layers of Iron, Lead, and Uranium (Spektry neytronov, obrazuyushchikhsya pri prokhozhdenii neytronov s energiyey 14 Mev chare: tel'styye sloi

zheleza, svintsa i urana)

PERIODICAL: Atomnaya energiya, 1959, Vol 6, Nr 4, pp 466-468 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The neutron source is surrounded by the material to be investigated (wall strengths Fe: 5, 10, 15 cm; Fb: 5, 10, 15, 18, 23, 28 cm; U: 5, 10, 20, 31.5 cm). At great distances herefrom the photographic plates Ilford 32 (100  $\mu$  emulsion thickness) and NIKFI-K (200 µ emulsion thickness) were placed. The traces of the scattered neutrons are measured and, in consideration of the background neutrons, the actual neutron spectrum is graphically plotted (for the measuring method and the apparatus see references 1 and 2). The effective neutron temperature Teff, which corresponds to the gradient of the curve

In  $\frac{N(E)}{E}$ , amounts to  $\sim 0.2$  to 0.5 MeV within the neutron energy

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Neutron Spectra Forming During the Passage of Neutrons With an Energy of 14 Mev Through Thick Layers of Iron, Lead, and Uranium

> range  $\sim$ 0.5 to 1.5 Mev. It is mainly determined by the neutrons which are only several times inelastically scattered. Within the range of high energy T  $_{\rm eff}$  is considerably greater, because here multiple scattering is less. The low-energy-part of the spectrum is not accessible by the photo-plate method and must be obtained by extrapolation. After this has been done, all experimental curves are normalized. The following conclusions may be drawn from these curves: With increasing thickness of the casing the number of high-energy neutrons is reduced and the number of neutrons having an energy of < 1 Mev is increased. In the case of greater thicknesses, Teff decreases and, within the range of 0.5 to 1.5 Mev, it attains 0.3 Mev for iron, 0.5 Mev for lead and 0.2 Mev for uranium. As uranium has a number of low levels, a decrease of neutron energy down to 0.1 - 0.6 Mev occurs with inelastic scattering, which decrease is not recorded by the photographic plates. The extrapolation carried out is shown by a table. A comparison of experimental curves for materials of equal thickness shows that moderation for lead is lower than for iron and uranium, and that the average neutron energy for lead

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is greater than for iron and uranium. This might be explained by the fact that, in scattering, the lead nucleus behaves like a light nucleus, because it has only few levels within the range of 1-4 Mev. The following persons assisted in irradiating plates: Yu. A. Vasil'yev, Ye. I. Sirotinin, N. S. Shvetsov, V. N. Shikin. Microscopic evaluation was carried out mainly by L. S. Andreyeva and N. F. Nikolayeva. Ye. K. assisted in the work. There are 3 figures, 3 tables, and 6 references, 4 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED:

November 25, 1958

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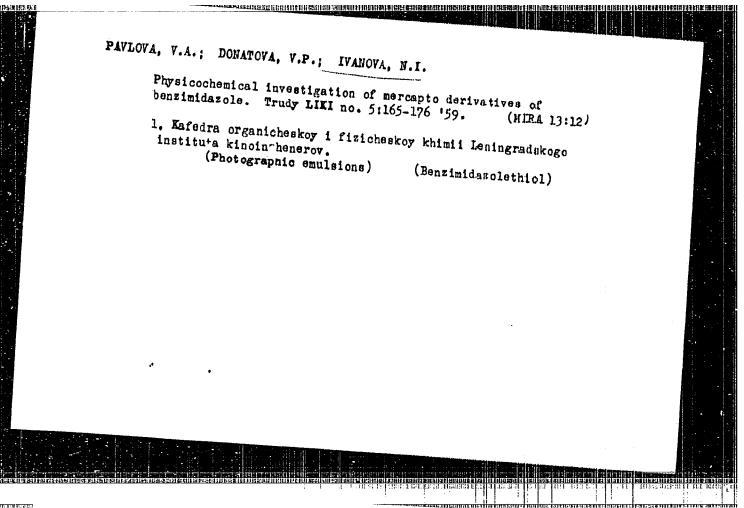


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AUTHORS:

Ivanova, N.I., Tarasova, L.I., and Zhukovskiy, A.P.

TITLE:

Formation of longwave luminescence bands of alkali

halide phosphors

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Seriya fizicheskaya, v. 25, no. 3, 1961, 341 - 343

TEXT: This is a reproduction of a lecture delivered at the 9th Conference on Luminescence (Crystal Phosphors), which took place in Kiyev from June 20 to 25, 1960. In the literature, opinions differ as to the nature of some luminescence bands of activated alkali halide phosphors (with one activator). Some authors believe that all luminescence bands are caused by energy transitions in one type of luminescence center. Others, however, believe that there are two different types of luminescence centers, one type for the shortwave bands and the other for the longwave ones. The shortwave luminescence bands are typical of small activator concentrations and are ascribed to the activator ions placed in the cation sites of the fundamental lattice. There are various model representations for the cen-

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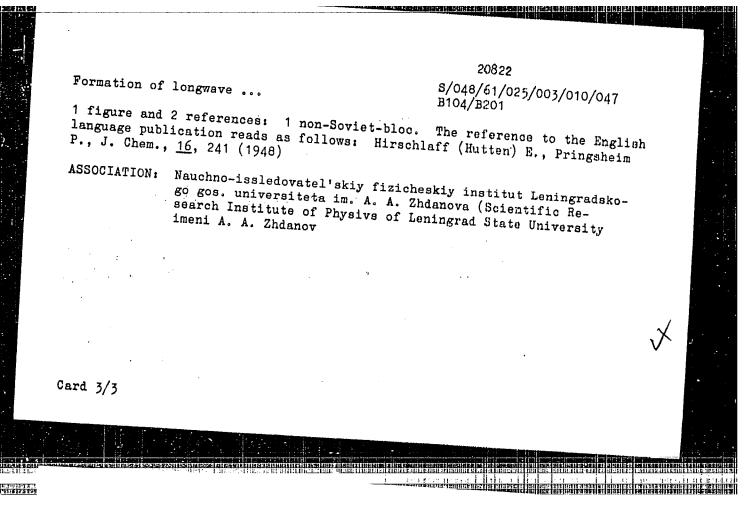
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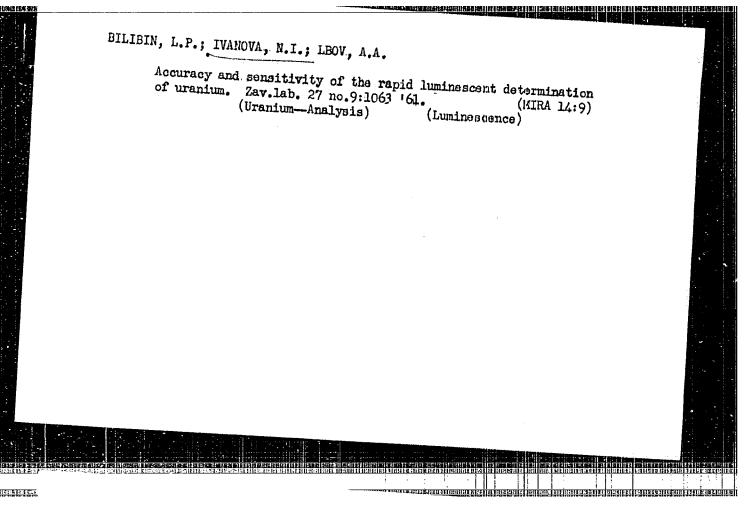
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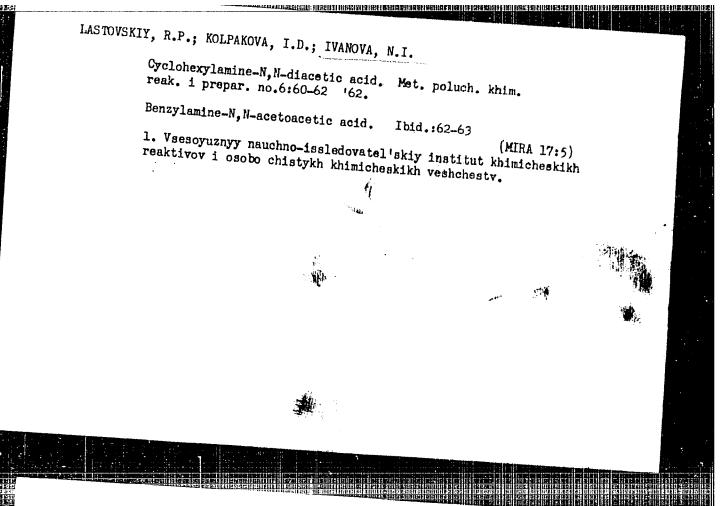
B104/B201 ters of the respective longwave bands: paired centers; activator ions at the fundamental lattice defects, etc. With a view to clarifying these problems, the authors studied the polarization of luminescence of a larger number of phosphors on the basis of Na and K halides. On the strength of results obtained, they believe that the various bands of a phosphor, and also those of phosphors being almost identical, are produced by centers of a different nature. The study included also the luminescence band of phosphors with a mixed fundamental lattice, and thus, the change of the luminescence spectrum of a pure phosphor to that of another pure phosphor. Here as well, the authors arrived at the conclusion that all luminescence bands of a phosphor belong to different centers, and that the centers them. selves represent the type of a molecule of a complex compound of the salt of the basis with the activator. In a discussion following the present lecture, N.N. Kristofel' states that the "dimension" of the centers has a vibrational nature and that one may therefore in a certain sense speak of a quasi-molecule in the crystal. F.D. Klement believes that the abovementioned results can be explained also on the basis of usual representations, without having to introduce hypothetical "complexes". There are

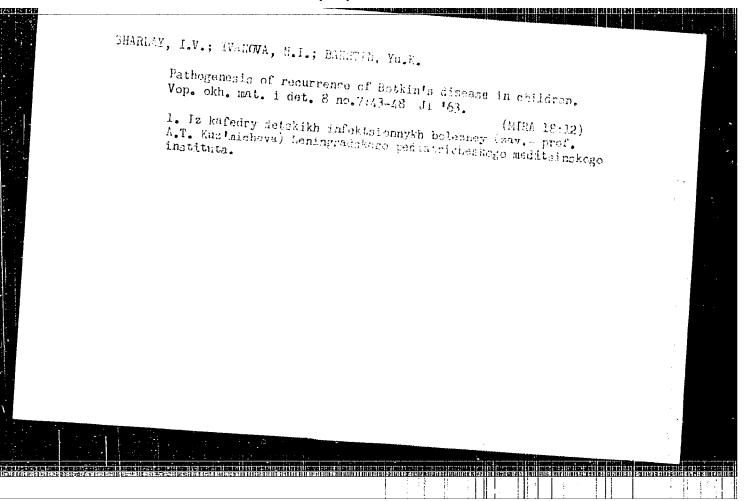
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IVANOVA,N.I.; LOSHAK,V.I.; METAKSA,V.A.; RATHER,M.P.; FUFFYANIKKIY,N.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; VRRINA.G.P., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Boiler installations with locomotive boilers] Kotel'nye ustanovki s parovosnymi kotlami. Moskva, Gos.transp.zhel-dor. izd-vo, 1955.

(Locomotive boilers)

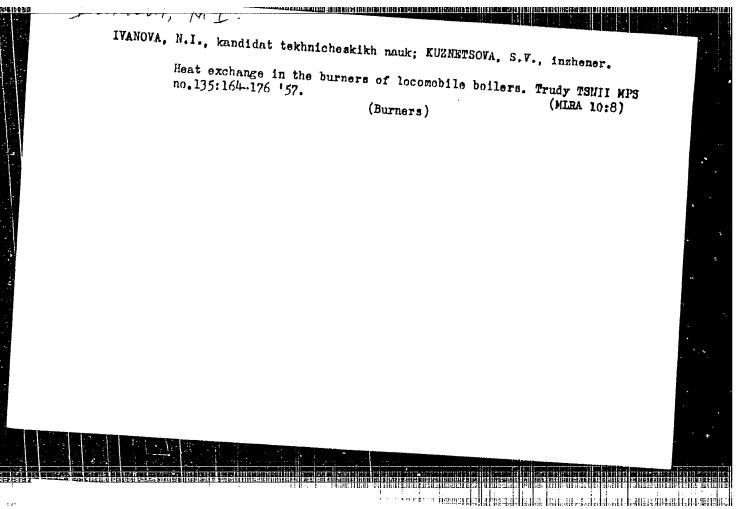
(HIRA 9:3)

IVANOVA, N.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; METAKSA, V.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; OKHOTNIKOV, S.S. inzhener; SAMOKHVALOVA, A.I.,

Industrial burner with pneumatic fuel firing from above to a stationary grate. Trudy TSNII MPS no.135:124-163 '57. (MIRA 10:8)

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TO THE RESIDENCE OF MICHAEL STREET OF THE RESIDENCE OF THE SECOND CONTRACTOR OF THE SECOND CONTR 5/276/65/000/002/020/052 A052/A126 AUTHORS: Gusovskiy, V.L., Ivanova, M.I., and Lifshits, A.Te. TITLE: Stal'proyekt standard injection burners PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Tekhnologiya mashinostroyenlya, no.2, 1963, 66-67, abstract 2B310 (Sb. tr. Gos. soyuzn. in-t po proyektir. agregatov staleliteyn. i prokatn. prois-va chern. metallurgii, no. 2, 1962, 78-87) TEXT: It is reported on the revision carried out by Stal' projekt in 1960-1961 of specifications of standard injection hurners employed in hardening furnaces and other heating units. As a result of the revision and injection burner designs were reduced to 3 standard series II, B and H (P, V, and N). A table of design dimensions of P, V and N-type burners is presented as well as diagrams of their efficiency and mated operational conditions of standard burners. There are 4 figures. (Abstracter's note: Complete translation.) T. Kielyskova Card 1/1